

(1655) Proposal to conserve the name *Ustilago scitaminea* against *Ustilago amadelpha* (Fungi, Ustilaginomycetes, Ustilaginaceae)

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- (1655) Ustilago scitaminea Syd., Ann. Mycol. 22: 281. 1924 [Fungi], nom. cons. prop. Typus: India, Bengal, Bhagalpur, [on Saccharum officinarum L.] 26.VIII.1907, E. J. Butler, Sydow, Ust. 384, Herb. Ustilaginales Vánky 4454.
- (=) Ustilago amadelpha Syd. & al., Ann. Mycol. 10: 249, 1912, nom. rej. prop.
 Lectotypus (vide Vánky in Mycotaxon 89: 114. 2004): India, Bengal, Muzaffarpur ['Mozaffarpur'] District, Awapur, "in paniculis et apice culmorum Andropogonii spec. [prob. misident.] 15.4.1911, E. J. Butler 1425", HCIO.

Ustilago scitaminea is the common, well-known, cosmopolitan sugarcane smut, a major disease that has seriously threatened sugarcane production in many countries. The name was lectotypified by Vánky (in Mycotaxon 41: 492. 1991); in addition to the lectotype, there are numerous isolectotypes represented by Sydow, Ustilagineen no. 384 (as Ustilago sacchari). Recently, Vánky (Mycotaxon 89: 114. 2004) demonstrated that the type of U. amadelpha Syd. & al. is identical with U. scitaminea, making that name a synonym of the older U. amadelpha, which was based entirely on Butler 1425 cited above. Vánky (1.c. 2004) indicated the specimen at HCIO as type (see also Mundkur, Trans. Brit. Mycol. Soc. 23: 104. 1939) and that there is an isotype in Herb. Ustilaginales Vánky as No. 16373.

Vánky (in Australas. Plant Path. 29: 160. 2000) noted that the presence of sterile cells, columella and peridium in *Ustilago scitaminea* are characters of *Sporisorium* rather than *Ustilago*. He also argued that "because of the general usage of the name, *Ustilago scitaminea*, for such an important disease as sugarcane smut, it is not practical to transfer it into *Sporisorium* and then to propose the name *U. scitaminea* for conservation". Piepenbring, Stoll & Oberwinkler (in Mycological Progress 1: 75, 2002) introduced the new combination *Sporisorium scitamineum* on the basis of the same three morphological characters identified by Vánky (l.c.) as well as molecular data.

Probably because of its supposed *Andropogon* host, *U. amadelpha* has, to our knowledge, been mentioned previously only by Zundel (in Mycologia 22: 127. 1930), who "redescribed" it on no cited basis, and Mundkur (l.c.), who clearly doubted the identity of the host, which we now believe is probably *Saccharum*. To avoid the change of *U.*

scitaminea to the scarcely known *U. amadelpha*, or maybe more correctly to a "Sporisorium amadelphum", conservation of the name of *U. scitaminea* against *U. amadelpha* is proposed.

If the proposal is accepted the correct name for the smut will either be the familiar *Ustilago scitaminea*, or else *Sporisorium scitamineum* for those who consider that the species belongs to that genus.